(d) There are 161 Community Health Centres (CHCs) functioning in Andhra Pradesh as on September, 2004.

(e) There is no shortage of Sub-centres in Andhra Pradesh.

(f) Shortage of CHCs in Andhra Pradesh is 320 as per 2001 population norm.

(g) Under National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), it is proposed to consider sanctioning of new Sub-centres as per 2001 population norm & creation of new Community Health Centres to meet the requirement leased on population norm as per census 2001.

Female Sex-Ratio in Punjab

1253. SHRIMATI SUKHBUNS KAUR : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the sex-ratio in Punjab is one of the lowest in the country;

(b) whether there are State where only 720 girls are born per thousand boys; if so, the names of such States where the number of girls born per thousand boys is less than 850 and where Punjab stands amongst such States; and

(c) what incentives and disincentives are proposed to be given to make good the imbalance?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMDOSS): (a) As per census 2001 figures, the sex ratio in the state of Punjab is 876 which is one of the lowest in the country (*See* Statement).

(b) As per census 2001 figures, the child sex in the age-group of 0-6 years is 798 girls per 1000 boys ratio in Punjab which is the lowest in the country. The states/Union Territories with child sex ratio of less than 850 girls per 1000 boys are Punjab, Haryana and Chandigarh.

(c) Ministry of Women and Child Development is implementing the schemes of Balika Samridhi Yojana and Kishori Shakti Yojana. Balika Samridhi Yojana is being implemented for survival development and protection of girl child with the objectives to change the negative family and community attitudes towards the girl child at birth and towards her mother, to improve enrollment and retention in schools, to raise the age at marriage and to assist the girl to undertake income generation activities.

An amount of Rs. 500/- per girl as post birth grant and Rs. 300/- to 1000/- per girl per annum (class wise) as scholarship is being given.

Kishori Shakti Yojana is being implemented for addressing the needs of self development, nutrition and health status, literacy and numerical skills, vocation skills etc for adolescents in the age group of 11-18 years. The scheme is being implemented in 6108 Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) blocks across the country including 148 ICDS blocks in the state of Punjab.

Statement

State/UT wise sex ratio and Child Sex Ratio (0-6 years) during 1991 & 2001

India and State/	Sex ratio		Child Sex Ratio	
Union Territory*	1991	2001	1991	2001
1	2	3	4	5
INDIA	927	933	945	927
Jammu & Kashmir	896	892	NA	941
Himachal Pradesh	976	968	951	896
Punjab	882	876	875	798
Chandigarh*	790	777	899	845
Uttaranchal	936	962	948	908
Haryana	865	861	879	819
Delhi*	827	821	915	868
Rajasthan	910	921	916	909
Uttar Pradesh	876	898	927	916
Bihar	907	919	953	942
Sikkim	878	875	965	963
Arunachal Pradesh	859	893	982	964
Nagaland	886	900	993	964
Manipur	958	978	974	957

1	2	3	4	5
Mizoram	921	935	969	964
Tripura	945	948	967	966
Meghalaya	955	972	986	973
Assam	923	935	975	965
West Bengal	917	934	967	960
Jharkhand	922	941	979	965
Orissa	971	972	967	953
Chhattisgarh	985	989	974	975
Madhya Pradesh	912	919	941	932
Gujarat	934	920	928	883
Daman & Diu*	969	710	958	926
Dadra & Nagar Haveli*	952	812	1013	979
Maharashtra	934	922	946	913
Andhra Pradesh	972	978	975	961
Karnataka	960	965	960	946
Goa	967	961	964	938
Lakshadweep*	943	948	941	959
Kerala	1,036	1,058	958	960
Tamil Nadu	974	987	948	942
Pondicherry*	979	1.001	963	967
Andaman & Nicobar Islands*	818	846	973	957

Source: Census 1991 & 2001, O/O Registrar General of India.

* Union Territory